**GOALS, OBJECTIVES AND OUTCOMES**

The Goal of SAAMBAT is to reduce poverty and enhance food security and the Project Development Objective is to increase productivity of rural youth, enterprises, and the rural economy. SAAMBAT is designed to deliver two key Outcomes: (1) Poor rural people’s benefits from market participation increased, and (2) Poor rural people’s productive capacities increased.

 Table 1

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Results Hierarchy** | **Indicators** |
| Outreach | *1 Persons receiving services promoted or supported by the project* | 400,000 Males  |
| 400,000 females |
| 216,000 Young people |
| 800,000 persons receiving services  |
| 1.a Corresponding number of households reached | 30,000 Women-headed households |
| 170,000 non-women-headed households  |
| 200,000 Households  |
| 1.b Estimated corresponding total number of households members | 800,000 Household Members |
| Project Goal*Reduce poverty and enhance food security.* | Declining rural poverty rates with improvement in status of women-headed households  | % Of rural poverty declined  |
| *Increasing agriculture growth rate* | *% Of agriculture growth* |
| Women's Empowerment in Agriculture Index | Number of Women’s Economic In Agriculture Index  |
| Development Objective*Sustainably increase productivity of youth, enterprises, and the rural economy* | Number of direct beneficiaries experiencing at least 25% increased earnings-per-day from on-farm or off-farm work | Total number 120,000  |
| 60,000 females |
| 60,000 Males  |
| 30,000 Young – people  |
| 90,000 Not Young – people  |
| Number of households reporting reduced variability of earnings with climate conditions | 50,000 Households  |

Table 2

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Outcomes**  | **Outputs** | **Indicators** |
| *1. Increase poor rural people’s benefits from market participation* |  | * *80% of Households reporting improved physical access to markets*
* *160,000 Households reporting improved physical access to markets*
* *25% increase in roadside businesses*
* *50% increase in traffic*
* *40% of infrastructure sub-projects incorporating climate-adaptive design features*
* *100% of the productive and market infrastructures still used and sustainable after project yr 6*
* *Households reporting a significant reduction in the time spent for collecting water or fuel*
 |
| 1.1 Access Roads: Year-round access roads built in the areas of intervention | (1). 565 km of Roads constructed, rehabilitated, or upgraded |
| 1.2 Other value chain infrastructure facilities constructed | (2). 13 Market facilities constructed/rehabilitated (3). 9 collecting points for agricultural produce(4).10 landing facilities for river ferries or transports |
| *2. Increase poor rural people’s productive capacities* |  | * *4,500 rural youth employed*
* *85 enterprises*
* *30% enterprise with women leaders*
 |
| 2.1.1 Number of rural youths trained in Technical Skills and supported to develop businesses | (3). 6,840 youth trained in technical skills(4). 500 young entrepreneurs trained and supported to develop business. |
| 2.2.1 Digital Literacy and Adoption of Digital Technology | (5). 5,000 of persons trained in digital literacy(6). 5,000 of persons participating in technology adoption sub-projects |
| 2.2.2 Digital Innovations for the Rural Economy | (7). 1 KAS Core Platform Developed(7.1). 5 Applications tested and rolled out with grant funding(8.1). 12,500 Users (10). 10 Applications supported by Challenge Fund reaching testing stage(10.1). 12,500 Users  |
| 2.3.1 Feasibility Study on Wholesale Markets | (11). 1 Wholesale markets feasibility study completed |
| 2.3.2 Policy Guidance Notes | (12). 5 Policy-relevant knowledge products completed |